

$$y_t = \beta(1 + X_t) + \epsilon_t$$

$$y_t \sim \mathcal{N}(\beta(1 + X_t), \sigma^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial \alpha} ; \frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial \beta} ; \frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial \sigma^2}$$

$$L = (2\pi)^{-n/2} (\sigma^2)^{-n/2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (y_t - \beta - \beta X_t)^2\right)$$

$$\ln L = -\frac{n}{2} \ln(2\pi) - \frac{n}{2} \ln(\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (y_t - \beta - \beta X_t)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial \beta} = + \frac{2}{2\sigma^2} \sum (1 + X_t) (y_t - \beta(1 + X_t)) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (1 + X_t) (y_t - \beta(1 + X_t)) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial \sigma^2} = -\frac{n}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{2\sigma^4} \sum (y_t - \beta(1 + X_t))^2 = 0$$

$$1) \sum (1 + X_t) (y_t - \beta(1 + X_t)) = 0$$

$$2) \frac{1}{2\sigma^4} \sum (y_t - \beta(1 + X_t))^2 = \frac{n}{2\sigma^2}$$

$$\sum (y_t - \beta(1 + X_t))^2 = n\sigma^2$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$\boxed{\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum \epsilon_t^2}$$

$$1) \Rightarrow \sum y_t(1 + X_t) - \beta \sum (1 + X_t)^2 = 0$$

$$\boxed{\beta = \frac{\sum y_t(1 + X_t)}{\sum (1 + X_t)^2}}$$